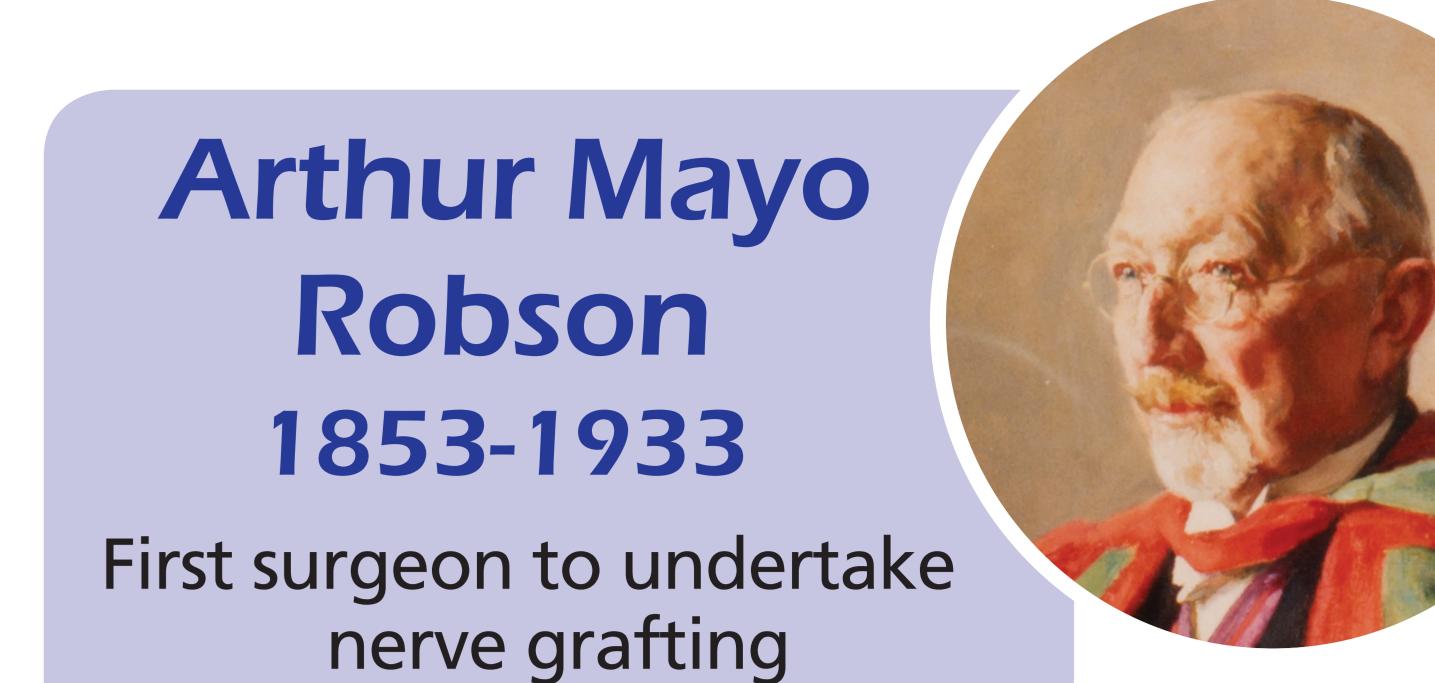
# Thomas Scattergood 1826-1900

Important figure in the development of forensic medicine in c19. Was Dean of Medicine, founded the Leeds Medical Club in 1862

# Edith Pechey 1845-1908

One of the first seven female doctors in the country. She practiced in Leeds between 1877-1883



Berkeley

Moynihan

1865-1936

Leading surgeon who

defined the perfect

surgeon as having

hands of a lady, not the

claws of a lion and

the heart

of a sheep"

"the heart of a lion and the



# Claudius Wheelhouse 1826-1909

Surgeon, lecturer on surgery and demonstrator of anatomy. He headed the poll to represent the profession for the first time on the General Medical Council in 1886

# Thomas Clifford Allbutt 1836-1925

Physician and inventor of the clinical thermometer. Introduced the use of the ophthalmoscope. Wrote many textbooks about aspects of medical practice



Medical School moves to Thoresby Place



1853 Hospital for Women & Children founded at East Parade

Hospital for Women moves

1868 New Infirmary completed and opens for art exhibition

1870

Eye & Ear Infirmary transfers to new Infirmary



Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin transfers to new Infirmary



1894

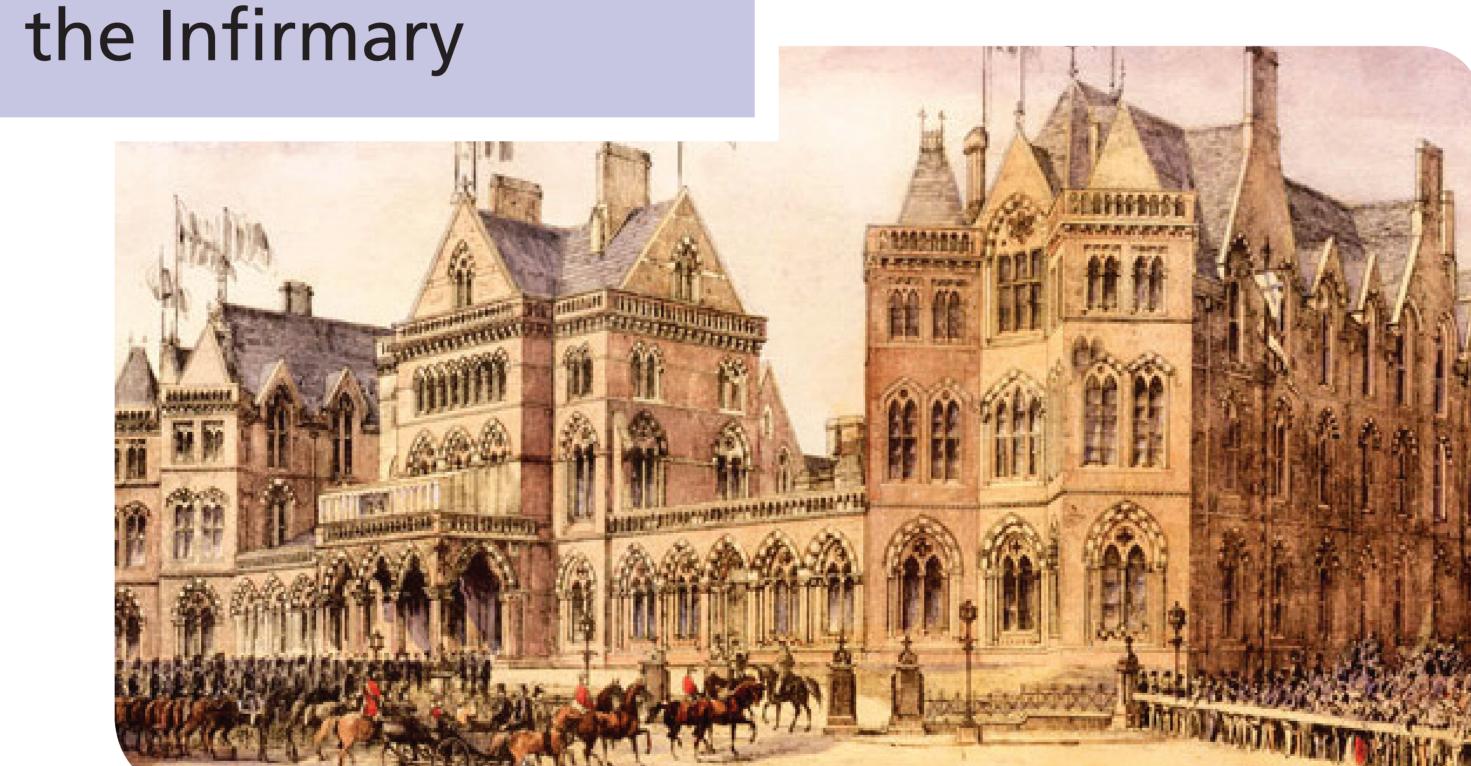
1858 Leeds Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin founded behind Park Square

1864

Medical School moves to Park Place

1869

First patient admitted to



1879

First Nurses Home opens

### 1892

Corson extension of the Infirmary completed

1896 + 1908

Nurses home extended

### 1853

Vaccination Act. Compulsory infant smallpox vaccination introduced

# 1865-66

Typhus fever epidemic in Leeds

# 1880s

Diptheria and Tetanus vaccines developed

# 1891 Electricity supply

### 1899 Compulsory for all dwellings to be connected

to sewers

#### 1800s Industrial Diseases

Cancer in chimney sweeps Lung disease from inhalation of dust

### 1884

Marks & Spencer Penny Arcade opened

### 1893

Leeds granted city status